**Why we need an SIG on NCDs**

NCDs accounts for more than 80% of health care spending (1). The role of Primary care settings is crucial for managing NCDs. That’s why the primary care reform is now a worldwide imperative. National health care systems with strong primary care infrastructures have healthier populations, fewer health-related disparities and lower overall costs for health care (2).

Most of the more prevalent chronic diseases as diabetes mellitus, hypertension, COPD, heart failure, arthritis or mental disorders are now in debate looking for innovations to improve the level of control, the efficiency of its management and to avoid avoidable in-hospital admissions. Although medication adherence and lifestyle changes coupled with evidence-based practice guidelines are effective tools to control chronic diseases, half of patients have not reached their respective goals (1). So a new approach is needed.

Different new models have been spread through the world trying to improve the NCDs management. The Chronic Care Model published in 2002 (3,4,5) and the Kaiser Permanente published in 2010 (6,7,8) are probably the best known.


2. Starfield B. Toward international primary care reform. CMAJ. MAY 26, 2009 • 180(11).


